Accountants' Reports and Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of County Commissioners Montezuma County, Colorado Cortez, Colorado 81321

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Montezuma County, Colorado, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Montezuma County, Colorado's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Montezuma County, Colorado, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Montezuma County, Colorado and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Montezuma County, Colorado's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 Montezuma County Colorado's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Montezuma County, Colorado's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3–13 and 43–49 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Montezuma County, Colorado's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, local highway finance report and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 11 2023, on our consideration of Montezuma County Colorado's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Montezuma County, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Montezuma County, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ph lotatop.c

Majors and Haley P.C. July 11, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the County in 2022 are as follows:

- In total, net position increased by \$2,787,295. Net position of governmental activities increased by \$2,178,074 which represents a 4 percent increase from 2021. Net position of business type activities increased by \$609,221 or 32.9 percent from 2021.
- General revenues accounted for \$15,029,524 in revenue or 28 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, grants and contributions accounted for \$38,730,868 or 72 percent of total revenues of \$53,760,392.
- Governmental activities total assets increased by \$5,216,545. Total liabilities increased by \$2,999,537. Deferred inflows of resources increased by \$38,527.
- The County incurred \$49,391,925 in expenses related to government activities. \$36,540,475 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants, and contributions. General revenues (primarily mineral leasing and property taxes) of \$15,029,524 were adequate to cover the balance of the costs of these programs.
- Among the major funds, the General Fund had \$16,377,423 in revenues, and \$14,658,783 in expenditures including net transfers. It's fund balance increased by \$1,718,640 from \$21,338,589 to \$23,057,229.
- Net position of the Enterprise Fund increased from \$1,849,247 to \$2,458,468.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts: management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the County.

- The first two statements are County-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the County's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the County, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the County-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as public works were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary funds statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the County operates like businesses, such as landfill services.
- Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the County acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplemental information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the County's budget for the year.

County-wide Statements

The County-wide statements report information about the County, as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private companies. The statement of net position includes all the County's assets and liabilities. All the

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two County-wide statements report the County's net position and how it has changed. Net position (the difference between the County's assets and liabilities) is one way to measure the County's financial position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.
- To assess the County's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of county facilities.

In the County-wide financial statements, the County's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities- Most of the County's basic services are included here, such as general government, public safety, public health, public works, and culture and recreation. These activities are financed mainly through property taxes and grants.
- Business-type activities- The County charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The County's landfill facility is included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, not the County as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the County uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Some funds are required to be established by state law. However, the County establishes many other funds to help it manage and control its finances to achieve certain results.

The County uses three types of funds:

Governmental funds- Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the County-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or difference) between them.

- Proprietary funds- Services for which the County charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the County-wide financial statements. The County's enterprise funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business-type activities but provide more detail and additional information such as cash flow analysis. The County uses an enterprise fund to account for its landfill operations.
- Fiduciary funds- The County is the fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the Custodial Fund. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in this fund are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The County excludes these activities from the County-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Total assets increased by \$5,945,636. Total liabilities increased by \$3,119,407. Deferred inflows of resources increased by \$38,934.

The County's combined net position was larger on December 31, 2022, than it was on December 31, 2021, increasing by 5 percent to \$58,517,137. Most of the increase came from its governmental activities, the net position of which increased \$2,178,074 to \$56,058,669. The net position of the County's business type activities increased \$609,221 to \$2,458,468.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Table 1 provides a summary of the County's net position for 2022 compared to 2021:

Table 1Condensed Statement of Net Position(In millions)

		nmental vities		ss-type vities		otal unty
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Assets						
Current assets	\$ 48.289	\$ 43.939	\$ 1.250	\$ 1.132	\$ 49.539	\$ 45.071
Noncurrent assets, net	22.638	21.771	2.975	2.364	25.613	24.135
Total assets	70.927	65.710	4.225	3.496	75.152	69.206
Liabilities						
Current liabilities	3.974	2.305	1.767	1.647	5.741	3.952
	0.074	2.000	1.707	1.047	0.741	0.002
Noncurrent liabilities	2.111	0.780			2.111	0.780
Deferred inflows of resources	8.783	8.744			8.783	8.744
Net Position						
Invested in capital	20.526	20.992	2.458	1.849	22.984	22.841
Nonspendable	0.050	0.050			0.050	0.050
Restricted	5.914	6.736			5.914	6.736
Unrestricted	29.569	26.103			29.569	26.103
Total net position	\$ 56.059	\$ 53.881	\$ 2.458	\$ 1.849	\$ 58.517	\$ 55.730

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2022 compared to 2021.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position (In millions)

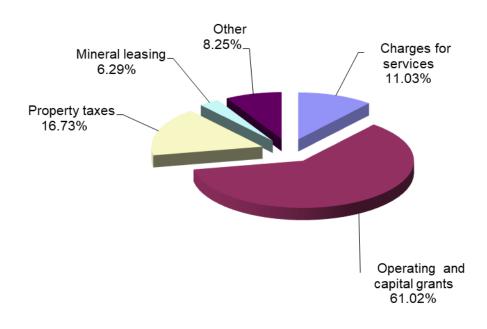
		nmental vities		ss-type vities		otal unty
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenues						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 4.117	\$ 3.825	\$ 1.810	\$ 1.794	\$ 5.927	\$ 5.619
Operating grants	32.423	30.605			32.423	30.605
Capital grants			0.380		0.380	-
General revenues						
Property taxes	8.993	10.786			8.993	10.786
Mineral leasing	1.603	0.971			1.603	0.971
Other	4.433	3.023			4.433	3.023
Total revenues	51.569	49.210	2.190	1.794	53.759	51.004
Expenses						
General government	6.061	6.207			6.061	6.207
Public safety	8.790	7.955			8.790	7.955
Public works	7.261	8.336	1.581	1.619	8.842	9.955
Public health and welfare	26.624	24.798			26.624	24.798
Culture and recreation	0.374	0.395			0.374	0.395
Depreciation-unallocated	0.281	0.272			0.281	0.272
Total expenses	49.391	47.963	1.581	1.619	50.972	49.582
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$ 2.178	\$ 1.247	\$ 0.609	\$ 0.175	\$ 2.787	\$ 1.422

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Operating and capital grants and property taxes accounted for most of the County's total revenue, with each contributing 61.02 percent and 16.73 percent respectively (See Table 3). Another 11.03 percent came from charges for services and the remainder from mineral leasing, and other sources.

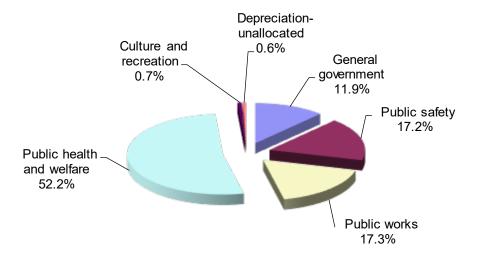
The County's expenses are predominately related to public health and welfare, (52.2 percent), public works (17.3 percent) and public safety (17.2 percent) (See Table 4). The County's general government activities accounted for 11.9 percent of total costs.

Table 3Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Year 2022



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Table 4Expenses for Fiscal Year 2022Governmental Activities



The primary sources of operating revenue for the County come from operating grants and general property taxes. The County receives approximately 78 percent of this funding from these sources while the remaining amounts come from charges for services and other general revenues.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those service costs. Table 5 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by general revenues including general property taxes and sales taxes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Table 5 Government Activities (In millions)

	Total	Cost	Net Cost
	of Se	rvices	of Services
	2022	2021	2022 2021
General government	\$ 6.061	\$ 6.207	\$ 2.363 \$ 2.210
Public safety	8.790	7.955	7.058 6.457
Public works	7.261	8.336	2.872 3.997
Public health and welfare	26.624	24.798	0.479 0.677
Culture and recreation	0.374	0.395	(0.202) (0.081)
Depreciation-unallocated	0.281	0.272	0.281 0.272
Total	\$ 49.391	\$ 47.963	\$ 12.851 \$ 13.532

- > The cost of all governmental activities during the year was \$49.391 million.
- Some of the cost was financed by the users of the County's programs (\$4.117 million)
- Federal and state government subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$32.423 million).
- However, \$15.029 million was financed by state and county taxpayers. This portion of governmental activities was financed with \$8.993 million in property taxes, \$1.603 million in mineral leasing and \$4.433 million in other general revenues.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities are made up of the Landfill Fund. This program had revenues of \$2.190 million and expenses of \$1.581 million. Business-type activities receive no support from tax revenue.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

Information about the County's major funds starts on page 16. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds have total revenues and other financing sources of \$52.949 million and expenditures of \$50.305 million.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The County's budget is prepared according to Colorado law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

Over the course of the year, the County made one revision to the annual operating budget.

Actual expenditures were \$1,851,148 under budget, primarily because the County closely monitored expenditures in an effort to remain below budget levels.

CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

By the end of 2022, the County has invested \$48.816 million in land, buildings, and equipment (including vehicles), of this total \$41.427 million was from governmental activities.

Table 6 shows capital assets for 2022 compared to 2021:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Table 6 Capital Assets at December 31 (In millions)

	Govern Activ		Busine: Activ					Total County		
	 2022	2021	 2022		2021	_	2022		2021	
Land Infrastructure Buildings Equipment	\$ 1.344 1.859 23.519 14.705	\$ 1.344 1.859 23.484 12.683	\$ 7.389	\$	6.430	\$	1.344 1.859 23.519 22.094	\$	1.344 1.859 23.484 19.113	
Total	\$ 41.427	\$ 39.370	\$ 7.389	\$	6.430	\$	48.816	\$	45.800	

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements on page 35 of this report.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE COUNTY'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the County is not aware of any existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the County's citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Montezuma County Administration Office, 109 W Main, Room 302 Cortez, Colorado 81321.

Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2022

	G	overnmental Activities	isiness-type Activities	Total
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash	\$	36,875,676	\$ 826,706 \$	37,702,382
Property taxes receivable		8,782,799		8,782,799
Due from other funds			43,500	43,500
Other receivables		1,720,963		1,720,963
Due from state		272,894		272,894
Due from other governments		586,994	380,000	966,994
Inventory		50,000		50,000
Total current assets		48,289,326	1,250,206	49,539,532
Noncurrent assets				
Right to use leased assets, net		63,763		63,763
Capital assets				
Land		1,344,190		1,344,190
Depreciable capital assets, net		21,229,581	2,974,969	24,204,550
Total noncurrent assets		22,637,534	2,974,969	25,612,503
Total Assets		70,926,860	4,225,175	75,152,035
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable		155		155
Accrued payroll liabilities		443,574	19,592	463,166
Accrued closure costs			1,747,115	1,747,115
Due to other funds		43,500		43,500
Payments in arrears		1,473,267		1,473,267
Unearned revenue		2,013,402		2,013,402
Total current liabilities		3,973,898	1,766,707	5,740,605
Long-term liabilities				
Due in one year		203,650		203,650
Due in more than one year		1,907,844		1,907,844
Total long-term liabilities		2,111,494		2,111,494
Total Liabilities		6,085,392	1,766,707	7,852,099
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unearned property tax revenue		8,782,799		8,782,799
oneamed property tax revenue		0,702,799		0,702,799
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets		20,526,040	2,458,468	22,984,508
Nonspendable				
Inventories		50,000		50,000
Restricted				
Cancer treatments		60,714		60,714
TABOR		772,119		772,119
Roads and bridges		4,019,103		4,019,103
Public health and welfare		1,061,783		1,061,783
Unrestricted		29,568,910		29,568,910
Total Net Position	\$	56,058,669	\$ 2,458,468 \$	58,517,137

MONTEZUMA COUNTY, COLORADO Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		F	Program Reven	Jes	· ·	xpenses) Rev anges in Net F	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and <u>Contributions</u>	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities							
General government	\$ 6,061,274	\$ 1,056,424	\$ 2,642,054		\$ (2,362,796)		\$ (2,362,796)
Public safety	8,790,321	1,041,468	691,238		(7,057,615)		(7,057,615)
Public works	7,261,166	960,302	3,428,402		(2,872,462)		(2,872,462)
Public health and welfare	26,624,419	947,845	25,197,513		(479,061)		(479,061)
Culture and recreation	373,677	111,274	463,955		201,552		201,552
Depreciation-unallocated	281,068				(281,068)		(281,068)
Total Governmental Activities	49,391,925	4,117,313	32,423,162	-	(12,851,450)		(12,851,450)
Business-Type Activities County landfill	1,581,172	1,810,393		\$ 380,000		\$ 609,221	609,221
Total Business-Type Activities	1,581,172	1,810,393	-	380,000	· ·	609,221	609,221
Total County	\$ 50,973,097	\$ 5,927,706	\$32,423,162	\$ 380,000	(12,851,450)	609,221	(12,242,229)

General Revenues

Property Tax for general purposes	8,992,730		8,992,730
Specific Ownership Tax for general purposes	1,280,485		1,280,485
Delinquent Tax and Interest	315,298		315,298
Lodgers Tax	329,283		329,283
Severance Tax	521,412		521,412
Intergovernmental			
Motor Vehicle License Fees	96,786		96,786
Mineral Leasing	1,602,674		1,602,674
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	408,976		408,976
Tobacco Taxes	7,070		7,070
Earnings on investments	470,686		470,686
Reimbursements	288,556		288,556
Royalties	286,227		286,227
Asset sales	249,965		249,965
Miscellaneous	179,376		179,376
Total General Revenues	15,029,524	-	15,029,524
Changes in Net Position	2,178,074	609,221	2,787,295
Net Position Beginning of the Year	53,880,595	1,849,247	55,729,842
Net Position End of the Year	\$ 56,058,669	\$ 2,458,468	\$ 58,517,137

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

December 31, 2022

	General Fund	Roa	ad and Bridge Fund		Social Services Fund	Capital Fund	G	Other Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets	·					 				
Cash-unrestricted	\$25,018,149	\$	3,592,916	\$	918,071	\$ 1,038,313	\$	6,308,227	\$	36,875,676
Property taxes receivable	6,679,882		1,609,852		493,065					8,782,799
Other receivables	95,579				1,473,267	149,353		2,764		1,720,963
Due from state					272,894					272,894
Due from other governments Inventory	14,110		509,836 50,000		10,466			52,582		586,994 50,000
Total Assets	\$31,807,720	\$	5,762,604	\$	3,167,763	\$ 1,187,666	\$	6,363,573	\$	48,289,326
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$ 155								\$	155
Accrued payroll liabilities	299,467	\$	83,649				\$	60,458		443,574
Due to other funds						\$ 43,500				43,500
Payments in arrears				\$	1,473,267					1,473,267
Unearned revenue	1,770,987				139,648			102,767		2,013,402
Total Liabilities	2,070,609		83,649		1,612,915	43,500		163,225		3,973,898
Deferred inflows of resources										
Deferred property tax revenues	6,679,882		1,609,852		493,065					8,782,799
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable										
Inventories			50,000							50,000
Restricted										
TABOR	50,000							722,119		772,119
Cancer treatments								60,714		60,714
Roads and bridges			4,019,103							4,019,103
Public health and welfare					1,061,783					1,061,783
Unrestricted Assigned for future year's expenditures	23,007,229					1,144,166		5,417,515		29,568,910
Total Fund Balances	23,057,229		4,069,103		1,061,783	 1,144,166		6,200,348		35,532,629
Total Liabilities, Deferred inflows of resources										
Total Liabilities, Deferred inflows of resources and Fund Balances	\$31,807,720	\$	5,762,604	\$	3,167,763	\$ 1,187,666	\$	6,363,573	\$	48,289,326
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance	Sheet with the S	tatem	ent of Net Pos	sitio	on					
Total Fund Balance Governmental Funds									\$	35,532,629
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Sta Capital assets used in governmental activities are n are not reported as assets in governmental funds.				eca	use					
Capital assets						\$ 41,427,560				
Accumulated depreciation						18,853,789)				
Right to use assets used in governmental activities are not reported as assets in governmental funds.	are not financial re	esour	ces and therefo	ore						22,573,771
Right to use assets						85,018				
Accumulated amortization						 (21,255)				60 700
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the on the term they are not reported in the govermental funds balan		there	fore, they							63,763
Due in one year						(203,650)				
Due in more than one year						 (1,907,844)				(2,111,494)
Total Net Position Governmental Activities									\$	56,058,669

		General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Social Services Fund	Capital Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Taxes Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	\$	7,989,004 5,226,742 674,714 45,626	\$ 1,758,430 3,725,188 960,303	\$ 560,919 21,959,040 \$; 724,713	\$ 1,138,580 \$ 2,895,916 1,130,924	11,446,933 34,531,599 2,765,941 45,626
Earnings on investments Fee accounts Other		454,133 1,305,747 681,457	262,125		59,863	16,575	470,708 1,305,747 1,003,445
Total Revenues		16,377,423	6,706,046	22,519,959	784,576	5,181,995	51,569,999
Expenditures General government Public safety Public works		5,304,549 8,056,831	8 555 033		555,541 109,273 106 844	264,000 374,228	6,124,090 8,540,332 8,752,777
Public health and welfare Culture and recreation		838,244 333,735		22,789,953		2,925,805	26,554,002 333,735
Total Expenditures		14,533,359	8,555,933	22,789,953	861,658	3,564,033	50,304,936
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures		1,844,064	(1,849,887)	(269,994)	(77,082)	1,617,962	1,265,063
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in (out) Proceeds from financed purchase agreements		(125,424)	(520) 1,293,662		1,002,464	(876,520)	1,293,662
Proceeds from leases					85,018		85,018
l otal Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(125,424)	1,293,142		1,087,482	(876,520)	1,378,680
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,718,640	(556,745)	(269,994)	1,010,400	741,442	2,643,743
Fund Balances beginning of the year		21,338,589	4,625,848	1,331,777	133,766	5,458,906	32,888,886
Fund Balances end of the year	φ	23,057,229	\$ 4,069,103	\$ 1,061,783 \$	3 1,144,166	\$ 6,200,348 \$	35,532,629

MONTEZUMA COUNTY, COLORADO Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances Governmental Funds			\$ 2,643,743
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different becau	se		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.			
Capital asset purchases capitalized Depreciation expense	\$	2,160,356 (1,357,800)	802,556
Right to use leased asset capital outlay expenditures capitalized Amortization expense for right to use assts		85,018 (21,255)	63,763
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the pricipal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.			
New long-term debt issued Principal payments on long-term debt Increase in accrued compensated absences		(1,378,680) 54,778 (8,086)	(1,331,988)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		-	\$ 2,178,074

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund

December 31, 2022

	Landfill Fund Enterprise Fund	
Assets		
Current Assets Cash	\$ 826,706	
Due from other funds	\$ 826,706 43,500	
Due from other governments	380,000	
Due nom other governments	500,000	
Total Current Assets	1,250,206	
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital Assets	7,389,260	
Accumulated Depreciation	(4,414,291)	
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,974,969	
Total Assets	4,225,175	
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accrued payroll liabilities	19,592	
Accrued closure costs	1,747,115	
Total Current Liabilities	1,766,707	
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	2,458,468	
Total Net Position	\$ 2,458,468	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Landfill Fund Enterprise Fund		
Operating Revenues			
Landfill fees	\$	1,810,393	
Total Operating Revenues		1,810,393	
Operating Expenses			
Salaries		445,851	
Employee benefits		138,208	
Other operating expenses		132,381	
Fuel		114,194	
Professional fees		105,757	
Utilities		34,420	
Insurance and bonds		44,102	
Repairs and maintenance		83,296	
Depreciation		348,339	
Total Operating Expenses		1,446,548	
Operating income (loss)		363,845	
Non-Operating Revenue (Expense)			
Grants		380,000	
Increase in accrued closure costs		(134,624)	
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expense)		245,376	
Change in net position		609,221	
Net position beginning of the year		1,849,247	
Net position end of the year	\$	2,458,468	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Landfill Fund Enterpise Fund	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash received from customers	\$	1,810,393
Cash payments to employees for services		(426,259)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(686,704)
Net Cash Flows provided (used) by Operating Activities		697,430
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchase of equipment and facilities		(959,200)
Net Cash Flows provided (used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(959,200)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(261,770)
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of the year		1,088,476
Cash and cash equivalents end of the year	\$	826,706
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to Net Cash provided (used) by Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities	\$	363,845
Depreciation		348,339
Increase or (decrease) in Accounts payable		(34,346)
Accounts payable Accrued payroll liabilities		(34,340) 19,592
Net Cash Flows provided (used) by Operating Activities	\$	697,430

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

As of December 31, 2022

	Custodial Fund		
Assets Cash	\$	1,390,334	
Total Assets		1,390,334	
Liabilities Due to other governments		1,390,334	
Total Liabilities		1,390,334	
Net Position	\$	-	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Custodial Fund	
Additions		
Taxes collected for other governments	\$	33,587,653
Total Additions		33,587,653
Deductions Payment of taxes to other governments		33,587,653
Total Deductions		33,587,653
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position		-
Net position beginning		-
Net position ending	\$	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>December 31, 2022</u>

<u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> – Montezuma County, Colorado's (the County) financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principals (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements of Interpretations).

The following significant accounting policies were applied to the preparation of the accompanying financial statements.

Reporting Entity – Montezuma County, Colorado is a statutory (non-home-rule) county and serves as an administrative unit of the State of Colorado.

The County follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements that provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

In applying these criteria, the Montezuma County Hospital District and the Montezuma County Housing Authority have been excluded from the financial statements of the reporting entity. These organizations are financially independent units that select a governing board, designate management staff, set user charges, establish budgets and control all aspects of daily activities.

The Montezuma County Sheriff's Department Forfeiture Account is a blended component unit of the County (primary government). A three-member board is appointed by the County which oversees the activities of the account. This blended component unit is accounted for as a Special Revenue Fund. Pursuant to C.R.S. Section 16-13-506, proceeds from the property ordered forfeited by the courts are placed in an account by the seizing agency and used for non-operating purposes. Expenditures of monies forfeited after July 1,1992 must be approved by the board created pursuant to C.R.S. Section 16-13-702 (2).

Fund Accounting – The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resource, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

in the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types".

Governmental Funds – are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked funds (special revenue funds). The following are the County's major governmental funds.

General Fund – is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include local property taxes, specific ownership taxes and state and federal grants.

Special Revenue Funds-

Road and Bridge Fund – accounts for the costs related to county road and bridge construction and maintenance. By state law, a portion of this fund's property tax revenues are allocated to cities and towns for use in their road and street activities. This fund is required by state law.

Social Services Fund- accounts for federal and state public welfare programs administered by the County. This fund is also required by state law.

Capital Projects Funds-

Capital Fund- accounts for revenue and expenditures related to general capital projects of the County.

Non-major Funds- The following other governmental funds of the County are Special Revenue Funds. These funds account for revenues derived from earmarked revenue sources. Special revenue funds consist of the Public Health Fund, Conservation Trust Fund, Law Enforcement Authority Fund, Clara Ormiston Fund, Emergency Telephone Service Fund, Sheriff's Forfeiture Fund, Revolving Loan Fund, Lodgers' Tax Fund, Emergency Reserve Fund, and the Contingent Fund.

Proprietary Funds– focus on the determination of the changes in net position, financial position and cash flows and are classified as either enterprise or internal service. The County has the following proprietary funds:

Enterprise Fund-

Landfill Fund- is used to account for the financial transactions related to the landfill operations of the County.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

Fiduciary Funds – reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. In 2019 the County implemented GASB 84. Under this new reporting requirement the County has one custodial fund.

Basis of Presentation-

County-wide Financial Statements- The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the County as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the County that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The county-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with a brief explanation to better identify the relationship between the countywide financial statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The county-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the County and for each function or program of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Fund Financial Statements- Fund financial statements report detailed information about the County. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the County finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

Basis of Accounting – determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. County-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues- Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions- Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the County, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when used is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the County must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the County on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes collected within 60 days after year-end, interest, and certain grants.

Unearned Revenue- arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. In subsequent periods, when both

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the County has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

Expenses/Expenditures- On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting – The County is required by Colorado Statutes to adopt annual budgets for all funds. Each budget is prepared on the same basis (U.S. GAAP basis) as that used for accounting purposes, except for the Landfill Fund, which is prepared essentially on the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is at variance with U.S. GAAP.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

Prior to October 20, the Budget Officer submits to the County Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1.

The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Public hearings are conducted to obtain comments.

Prior to December 31, the budget is legally adopted through passage of adoption and appropriations resolutions.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.

Department directors are authorized to transfer budget amounts within the department. However, the County Commissioners must approve any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department.

Appropriations are adopted by resolution for each fund in total and lapse at the end of each year. Over-expenditures are not deemed to exist unless the fund as a total has expenditures in excess of appropriations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

Cash and Cash Equivalents – for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows of the Enterprise Fund is considered to be all of the highly liquid investments with a maturity of six months or less.

Short-term Inter-fund Receivables/Payables- During the course of operations, certain transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as internal balances on the County-wide statement of net position and, classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the balance sheet.

Inventories – in the governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption, the cost of which is recorded as an expenditure at the time of purchase. Restrictions of fund balance have been established for the inventory balances.

Capital Assets – General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the county-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the county-wide statements of net position and in the respective fund financial statements.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated general fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. The County maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Description	Estimated Lives	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	20-50 Years	15-50 Years
Furniture and Equipment	5-15 Years	5-20 Years
Vehicles	8 Years	5 Years

Right to Use Assets- The County has recorded right to use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB 87. The right to use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

Property Tax Revenue Recognition – The County bills and collects its own property taxes as well as property taxes of all other taxing authorities within the County. The property taxes are levied and certified in December of the year prior to the year the taxes are collected. Property taxes become an enforceable lien on January 1 of each year. Secured property taxes are due in two equal installments on February 28 and June 15, and are delinquent after February 28 and June 15 respectively. The entire balance can be paid by April 30 without penalty. Property taxes levied are recorded as deferred revenues in the year levied, as they are not due until the following year. An allowance for un-collectible taxes is not provided as the un-collectible amounts were determined to be negligible based upon an analysis of historical trends.

Compensated absences- Compensated absences arise from policies concerning vacation and sick leave. County employees accrue unlimited sick leave on the basis of one working day per month. Unused accrued sick leave shall not be paid at the time of termination of the employee's service, except in the event the employee terminated voluntarily in good standing after 5 years of service with the County and the employee has reached eligible retirement age. Such employees will be paid at the rate of 50% of wages for actual accumulated sick days up to a maximum of 15 days for 5 to 10 years of service, 25 days for the following 5 years, 45 days for 21 to 30 years and 60 days for over 31 years of service. County employees are entitled to paid vacation after completion of six months of service. All full-time employees begin to accumulate vacation at the time of entry into service. The rate of accumulation varies from 1 day per month for the first five years of employment up to 2.5 days per month after 25 years of service. Vacation is accumulated throughout each calendar year, but the maximum accumulation is 17 days for the first five years of service, 20 days for the following five years and 23 days for eleven years and over. For the Sheriff's department only, vacation time accrued during a given calendar year must be used in the immediately following year or be forfeited.

Accrued Liabilities and General Long-Term Obligations- All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the county-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the non-current portion of capital leases, compensated absences, and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payment made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

Governmental Fund Balances- In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Non-spendable- Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This includes inventory maintained in the Road and Bridge Fund.

Restricted- Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes because of state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors. This includes the County's TABOR reserve.

Committed- Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by the Board of County Commissioners.

Assigned- Amounts that are designated by the Board of County Commissioners for a particular purpose but are not spendable until appropriated. This includes assignments for subsequent year's expenditures.

Unassigned- All amounts not included in the other spendable classifications.

Use of Restricted Resources-When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the County's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the County's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other less restrictive classifications-committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balance.

Net Position- Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are liabilities imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Operating Revenues and Expenses- Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the County, these revenues are sales related to landfill operations and fleet services. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activities of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

Inter-fund Transactions- Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other inter-fund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

Estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of management's estimates.

Cash and Investments – The County Treasurer maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Cash".

Cash on the Combined Balance Sheet consisted of:

Cash on hand	\$ 52,210
Deposits and certificates of deposit	11,121,166
Market linked certificates of deposit	1,692,000
Investments at cost	26,227,340
Total cash and investments	\$ 39,092,716

Deposits- The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) governs the County's cash deposits. The statutes specify eligible depositories for public cash deposits, which must be Colorado institutions and must maintain federal insurance on deposits held. Each eligible depository with deposits in excess of the insured levels must pledge a collateral pool of defined eligible assets, to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all of its local government depositors as a group, with a market value at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. The State Regulatory Commissions for banks and savings and loan associations are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and the reporting of uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$11,121,166 and the bank balance was \$12,496,069. Of the bank balance, \$1,000,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$11,496,069 was collateralized with securities held in single financial institution collateral pools as provided by statute. Collateral for uninsured deposits is held by banks in the name of a number of government accounts of which the County is a part. The carrying amount of the County's market linked certificates of deposit was \$1,692,000 and the bank balance was \$1,692,000. The bank balances were fully insured by federal depository insurance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

Investments- Colorado statutes define eligible investments for local governments. These include bonds and other interest-bearing obligations of or guaranteed by the United States government or its agencies, bonds which are direct obligations of the State of Colorado or any of its political subdivisions, repurchase agreements, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and local government investment pools.

At December 31, the County had investments in two local government investment pools: the Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST), and the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE). These investment pools are investment vehicles established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds for investment purposes. The pools are routinely monitored by the Colorado Division of Securities with regard to their operations and investments, which are subject to provisions of C.R.S. Title 24, Article 75, Section 6. The fair value of the investments in the pools is the same as the value of the pool shares. None of these types of investments are categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book form. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm from Standard and Poor's, and CSAFE is rated AAAm from Standard and Poor's.

At December 31, the County had invested in money market funds with LPL Financial. This account is used to hold money from the sale of government securities until they are reinvested. All funds in these accounts will be reinvested in investments approved by state stature. The money market accounts are rated AAA from Standard and Poor's. These investments are not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book form.

		Investment Maturities (in years)					
			Less than				More than
Investment Type	 Cost		1		1-5	6-10	10
Investment Pools							
COLOTRUST	\$ 23,226,872						
CSAFE	 770,706						
	 23,997,578						
LPL Money Market	535						
Federal Home Loan Bond	500,000			\$	500,000		
FHLM Notes	480,000				480,000		
US Treasury Notes	 1,249,227	\$	1,249,227				
		\$	1,249,227	\$	980,000		
Total	\$ 26,227,340						

At December 31, the County had the following investments subject to interest rate risk:

The County does not have a formal policy limiting investment maturities that would help manage its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

<u>Retirement Plan</u> – The County is a member of the Colorado County Officials and Employees Retirement Association. All members of the Association are participants in a defined contribution retirement plan which was adopted and is administered to provide income after retirement in addition to benefits provided by Federal Social Security. All County employees are required to participate after six months of continuous service. Contributions made by the employee are a minimum of five percent and a maximum of ten percent of gross salary, at the employees' discretion. Employees may make additional voluntary contributions not to exceed twenty five percent of compensation.

The County maintains no control over the plan, other than being a member of the Association. Employees are fully vested upon participation in the plan. The County has no unfunded liability under the plan. The total 2022 County payroll was \$12,750,375. The covered payroll for retirement plan purposes was \$12,458,183. The 2022 employer and employee contributions to the plan were \$631,527 and \$646,921 respectively. There were no County securities or other transactions included in the plan's assets.

<u>Right to Use Leased Assets</u>- The County has right to use lease assets for leased vehicles. The related leases are discussed in the Leases subsection of the Long-Term Debt footnote. The right to use lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related leases.

Right to use asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balance Jan 1, 2022	Additions	Deletions	Balance Dec 31, 2022
Governmental Activities Right to use assets				
Lease vehicles	-	\$85,018		\$ 85,018
Total right to use assets	-	85,018		85,018
Less accumulated amortization for: Leased vehicles		(21,255)		(21,255)
Total accumulated amortization	-	(21,255)		(21,255)
Right to use assets, net	-	\$63,763		\$ 63,763

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

Capital Assets – Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022:

	 Capital Assets lan 1, 2022	Additions	-	Deletions/ Transfers	D	Capital Assets ec 31, 2022
Governmental Activities						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 1,344,190	 			\$	1,344,190
Total capital assets not depreciated	 1,344,190	 -		-		1,344,190
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings	23,483,773	\$ 35,562				23,519,335
Equipment	12,682,914	2,124,794	\$	(102,878)		14,704,830
Infrastructure	 1,859,205					1,859,205
Total capital assets being depreciated	 38,025,892	 2,160,356		(102,878)		40,083,370
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	(6,887,634)	(735,301)				(7,622,935)
Equipment	(9,147,597)	(591,665)		102,878		(9,636,384)
Infrastructure	 (1,563,636)	 (30,834)				(1,594,470)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (17,598,867)	(1,357,800)		102,878		(18,853,789)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	20,427,025	802,556		-		21,229,581
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 21,771,215	\$ 802,556	\$	-	\$	22,573,771
Business Type Activities						
Equipment and facilities	\$ 6,430,060	\$ 959,200			\$	7,389,260
Less accumulated depreciation	(4,065,952)	(348,339)				(4,414,291)
Business Type Activities Capital Assets	. ,	. ,				. ,
net	\$ 2,364,108	\$ 610,861		-	\$	2,974,969

Depreciation expense was charged as a direct expense to the following governmental programs:

General government	\$ 9,887
Public safety	438,047
Public works	490,102
Public health and welfare	70,417
Culture and recreation	68,279
Unallocated	281,068
Total depreciation government activities	\$ 1,357,800

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

Schedule of Social Services Costs Due To/From State of Colorado -

	Due	To (From)			
Colorado works	\$	85,268			
Child care		1,243			
Child welfare		79,392			
County administration	75,369				
Core services		7,292			
Child support		9,268			
Adult protective services		12,531			
TANF IVD retained	D retained 440				
Aid to need disabled	(3,547)				
Home care allowance	(426)				
Old age pension	4,355				
Food assistance	105				
Federal and state incentives 1,110					
Cost allocation plan		1,236			
Medicaid Collections		(742)			
Net Amount Due From State	\$	272,894			

All Electronic Benefit transfers paid by the State of Colorado for Montezuma County are included in the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt- The County has incurred the following long-term debt.

Governmental Activities:

Leases- The County has entered into agreements to lease certain vehicles. The lease agreements quality as other than short-term leases under GASB 87 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

The first agreement was executed on June 1, 2022 to lease a sheriff vehicle and requires 48 monthly payments of \$1,038. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 6.37%, which is the stated rate in the lease agreement. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right to use asset with a net book value of \$32,896 at December 31, 2022.

The second agreement was executed on June 1, 2022 to lease a sheriff vehicle and requires 48 monthly payments of \$974. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 6.37%,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

which is the stated rate in the lease agreement. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right to use asset with a net book value of \$30,867 at December 31, 2022.

Financed Purchase Agreements-

In 2022, the County obtained an annually renewable equipment financed purchase agreement for two John Deere blades. The agreement is payable in 4 semi-annual installments of \$43,684 beginning in October of 2022 along with a final balloon payment of \$438,205 due in October of 2024. The blades are included in the capital assets at a cost of \$693,446 with accumulated depreciation of \$46,230. The agreement is serviced by the Road and Bridge Fund and the equipment serves as collateral.

In 2022, the County obtained an annually renewable equipment financed purchase agreement for two John Deere blades. The agreement is payable in 10 semi-annual installments of \$48,196 beginning in January of 2023 along with a final balloon payment of \$343,375 due in December of 2027. The blades are included in the capital assets at a cost of \$720,216 with accumulated depreciation of \$48,014. The agreement is serviced by the Road and Bridge Fund and the equipment serves as collateral.

Changes in General Long-Term Debt- A summary of changes in long-term debt follows:

	Balance January 1, 2022	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31, 2022
Financed purchase agreements Lease liabilities Accrued compensation	\$ 779,506	\$ 1,293,662 85,018 8,086	\$ (43,684) (11,094)	\$ 1,249,978 73,924 787,592
Total	\$ 779,506	\$ 1,386,766	\$ (54,778)	\$ 2,111,494

Annual requirements to amortize the long-term debt is as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

		Financed					
Lease Li	abilities	Purchase A	greements				
Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest				
\$ 20,002	\$ 4,131	\$ 183,648	\$ 48,307				
21,314	2,820	535,783	42,499				
22,711	1,422	75,275	21,117				
9,897	158	78,412	17,980				
		376,860	14,711				
\$ 73,924	\$ 8,373	\$ 1,249,978	\$ 144,614				
	Principal \$ 20,002 21,314 22,711 9,897	\$ 20,002 21,314 22,711 9,897 \$ 4,131 2,820 1,422 9,897 158	Lease Liabilities Purchase A Principal Interest Principal \$ 20,002 \$ 4,131 \$ 183,648 21,314 2,820 535,783 22,711 1,422 75,275 9,897 158 78,412 376,860				

Interfund Operating Transfers- consist of the following:

	T	ransfer In	T	ransfer out
General Fund	\$	916,384	\$	1,041,808
Special Revenue Funds				
Public Health Fund		39,344		
Law Enforcement Authority Fund				772,032
Conservation Trust Fund				143,832
Road and Bridge Fund				520
Capital Fund		1,002,464		
	\$	1,958,192	\$	1,958,192

All transfers were made for the purpose of subsidizing the receiving fund.

Fund Balance Restrictions and Assignments – Nonspendable indicates amounts that cannot be spent, either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted indicates that a portion of the fund balance can only be spent for specific purposes because of state of federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors. Assigned indicates amounts that are designated for a specific purpose by the Board of County Commissioners but are not spendable until appropriated. The County uses the following restrictions and assignments:

Non-spendable

Inventory- indicates that the portion of fund balance represented by inventories is not available for appropriation and expenditure at the balance sheet date. Non-spendable fund balance related to inventory consists of \$50,000 in the Road and Bridge Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

Restricted

TABOR- indicates that a portion of the fund balance has been segregated for expenditures for declared emergencies only. Fund balance restricted for TABOR consists of \$722,119 in the Emergency Reserve Fund and \$50,000 in the General Fund.

Cancer treatments-indicates that the fund balance within the Ormiston Fund is restricted for the payment of cancer treatments costs of qualified county residents.

Roads and bridges-indicates that the fund balance within the Road and Bridge Fund is restricted for construction and maintenance of County roads and bridges.

Public health and welfare-indicates that the fund balance of the Social Services Fund is restricted for the purpose of public health and welfare.

Assigned for future expenditures- indicates anticipated fund balance available for appropriation in the next budget year. Fund balances assigned for future expenditures consist of the following:

General Fund Special Revenue Funds	\$ 23,007,229
Contingent Fund	595,335
Emergency Telephone Service Fund	762,072
Sheriff's Forfeiture Fund	38,697
Conservation Trust Fund	644,157
Law Enforcement Authority Fund	1,445,107
Revolving Loan Fund	42,544
Lodger's Tax Fund	339,392
Public Health Fund	1,550,211
Capital Projects Funds	
Capital Fund	1,144,166
Total	\$ 29,568,910

Public Trustee – The County Treasurer holds the office of the County Public Trustee. Public Trustees are named as trustees for Deeds of Trust and perform all the functions and exercise all the powers conferred upon them by the Deeds of Trust. These functions include releasing Deeds of Trust when indebtedness is paid in full, making sales whenever default occurs, issuing Certificates of Purchase and Certificates of Redemption of Trustee's Deeds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

Fees for such services are used to cover related expenses and pay the Trustee an annual salary.

The accounts of the County Public Trustee consist of the following as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022:

Cash at January 1, 2022	\$ 49,529
Revenues	
Interest and fees	22,664
Expenditures	(27,835)
Cash at December 31, 2022	\$ 44,358

<u>Commitments and Contingent Liabilities</u> – There appear to be no commitments or contingencies that would pose a threat of significant liability to the County.

Tax Spending, Revenue and Debt Limitations- Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments.

"Enterprises," defined as government owned businesses authorized to issue revenue bonds and receiving less than 10 percent of their annual revenue in grants from all state and local governments combined, are excluded from the provisions of the Amendment.

Fiscal year spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's spending adjusted for inflation and local growth. Revenue in excess of the fiscal year spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

Fiscal year spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Those exceptions include spending from certain revenue and financial sources such as federal funds, gifts, property sales, fund transfers, damage awards, and fund reserves.

The Amendment requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of fiscal year spending. Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The County believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the Amendment.

<u>Risk Management</u> – County Workers Compensation Pool – The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries of employees while on the job. The County joined the County Workers' Compensation Pool (CWCP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member counties. The County pays an annual contribution to CWCP for its workers' compensation insurance coverage. The intergovernmental formation agreement of CWCP provides that the pool will be financially self-sustaining through member contributions and additional assessments, if necessary, and the pool will purchase excess insurance through commercial companies for members' claims in excess of a specified self-insured retention, which is determined each policy year.

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The County has purchased commercial insurance for such risks. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance in any of the past three years.

Colorado Immunity Act – Under Colorado statutes, the County has immunity from liability in excess of \$150,000 per individual and \$600,000 per occurrence.

<u>**Municipal Solid Waste Landfill-</u>** The County assumed operation of the landfill in 1991 from the Cortez Sanitation District. The old inactive landfill areas have monitoring wells in place and closure and post-closure costs are not estimated to exceed normal operating costs.</u>

Currently, the landfill is operating on a cell basis. An average "life to closure" has been estimated at 30 to 40 years for the cells. It is estimated that at December 31, 2022 74.5% of the capacity had been used. Engineer estimates have been obtained for anticipated closure and post-closure costs. The County is required to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions for thirty years after closure. The expense and liability associated with these requirements are reflected in the financial statements of the Landfill Fund.

	Estimated Costs	Estimated Capacity Used	Accrued Closure Costs
Closure	\$ 1,390,411	74.50%	\$ 1,035,856
Post-closure	767,559	74.50%	571,831
Post-closure			
Carver Landfill	139,428	100%	139,428
Total	\$ 2,297,398		\$ 1,747,115

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

It is anticipated that the remaining amount will be recognized in the future as the landfill reaches capacity. These figures are estimates. The County has provided the "Financial Assurance for Compliance" required by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment.

Compliance with Laws and Regulations-The County may be in violation of State Statute. Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Road and Bridge Fund, Public Health Fund, Conservation Trust Fund, Emergency Telephone Fund, Sheriff's Forfeiture Fund, and the Lodgers Tax Fund.

Required Supplementary Information

December 31, 2022

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

Such information includes:

Budgetary Comparison Schedules General Fund Road and Bridge Fund Social Services Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Dudeet						Variance
	Budgete Original	a A	Final	-	Actual		⁻ avorable nfavorable)
Revenues	Original				/ lotual	(0	
Taxes							
General property taxes	\$ 6,416,611	\$	6,416,611	\$	6,410,028	\$	(6,583)
Specific ownership taxes	725,225	Ŧ	725,225	•	822,568	Ŧ	97,343
Delinquent tax and interest	7,700		7,700		227,926		220,226
Severance taxes	7,150		7,150		521,412		514,262
Tobacco products taxes	6,844		6,844		7,070		226
Total taxes	7,163,530		7,163,530		7,989,004		825,474
Intergovernmental revenues							
Payment in lieu of taxes	179,364		179,364		204,488		25,124
Mineral leasing	200,000		1,202,674		1,202,674		-
Grants							
SLFRF grant	2,542,871		2,542,871		2,542,871		-
LATCF grant			1,543,937				(1,543,937)
Public safety grants	406,235		556,069		691,238		135,169
Senior services and transportation grants	436,525		436,525		486,287		49,762
Other grants	37,561		236,670		99,184		(137,486)
Total intergovernmental revenues	3,802,556		6,698,110		5,226,742		(1,471,368)
Charges for services							
General government	55,000		55,000		148,643		93,643
Community intervention	199,645		199,645		196,802		(2,843)
Senior nutrition and transportation	250,000		250,000		217,995		(32,005)
County fair and fairground user fees	90,000		90,000		111,274		21,274
Total charges for services	594,645		594,645		674,714		80,069
Fines and forfeitures							
Court fines	35,000		35,000		45,626		10,626
Total fines and forfeitures	35,000		35,000		45,626		10,626
Earnings on investments	200,000		200,000		454,133		254,133
Miscellaneous revenues							
Rents and royalties	140,000		140,000		286,227		146,227
Reimbursements	128,560		128,560		288,534		159,974
Other	50,000		50,000		106,696		56,696
Total miscellaneous revenues	318,560		318,560		681,457		362,897
Fee accounts							
Sheriff fees	540,000		450,000		397,966		(52,034)
Clerk fees	578,825		578,825		621,093		42,268
Treasurers fees	204,425		204,425		247,649		43,224
Public trustee fees	30,000		30,000		39,039		9,039
Total fee accounts	1,353,250		1,263,250		1,305,747		42,497
Total revenues	13,467,541		16,273,095		16,377,423		104,328

(continued)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance Favorable		
	Original		Final	 Actual	(Un	favorable)
Expenditures						
General government						
Board of county commissioners	\$ 392,692	\$	392,692	\$ 344,829	\$	47,863
Planning department	164,561		169,061	185,077		(16,016)
Clerk	1,063,701		1,063,701	683,029		380,672
Treasurer	307,104		307,104	288,809		18,295
Public trustee	20,000		20,000	16,835		3,165
Assessor	546,064		546,064	425,299		120,765
Attorney	276,054		276,054	281,729		(5,675)
Grounds and buildings	882,858		882,858	745,234		137,624
Administration	428,431		428,431	524,085		(95,654)
Elections	106,250		106,250	120,274		(14,024)
Extention services	145,605		145,605	132,851		12,754
Veteran's office	121,456		121,456	115,104		6,352
Purchasing	71,550		71,550	46,069		25,481
Computer services and mapping	631,165		631,165	634,869		(3,704)
Surveyor	5,967		5,967	3,771		2,196
Natural resources and public lands COVID expenditures	338,491		338,491	98,969		239,522 -
Miscellaneous	715,204		715,204	657,716		57,488
Total general government	6,217,153		6,221,653	5,304,549		917,104
Public safety						
Sheriff administration	4,280,733		4,615,689	4,169,018		446,671
Coroner	148,620		148,620	160,797		(12,177)
District attorney	944,873		944,873	944,873		-
Jail	2,907,731		2,907,731	2,659,017		248,714
Animal control	27,500		27,500	27,500		-
Emergency management	101,380		101,380	95,626		5,754
Total public safety	8,410,837		8,745,793	8,056,831		688,962
Health and welfare						
Senior services and transportation	586,753		586,753	599,957		(13,204)
Community intervention	408,285		408,285	238,287		169,998
Total health and welfare	995,038		995,038	838,244		156,794

(continued)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual General Fund

	C	Budgete Driginal	d Ar	nounts Final	 Actual	I	Variance Favorable Infavorable)
Expenditures (continued)							
Culture and recreation							
County fair	\$	71,362	\$	71,362	\$ 56,256	\$	15,106
Fairgrounds		200,900		200,900	127,719		73,181
Conservation trust		95,445		149,761	149,760		1
Total culture and recreation		367,707		422,023	333,735		88,288
Total expenditures	15	5,990,735		16,384,507	14,533,359		1,851,148
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2	2,523,194)		(111,412)	1,844,064		1,955,476
Other financing sources (uses) Net operating transfers in (out)		(20,014)		2,004,925	(125,424)		(2,130,349)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(20,014)		2,004,925	(125,424)		(2,130,349)
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sour over (under) expenditures and other financing uses		2,543,208)		1,893,513	1,718,640		(174,873)
Fund balance, beginning	g	9,850,363		21,338,589	21,338,589		-
Fund balance, ending	\$7	7,307,155	\$	23,232,102	\$ 23,057,229	\$	(174,873)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual Road and Bridge Fund

		Budgete	d Am	nounts				Variance ⁻ avorable
	С	Driginal		Final		Actual		nfavorable)
Revenues								
Taxes								
General property taxes	\$ 1	1,853,616	\$	1,853,616	\$	1,394,580	\$	(459,036)
Specific ownership taxes		142,111		142,111		307,470		165,359
Delinquent taxes and interest		7,200		7,200		56,380		49,180
Total taxes	2	2,002,927		2,002,927		1,758,430		(244,497)
Intergovernmental revenues								
Federal shared revenues								
Forest Service		339,238		339,238		143,079		(196,159)
Mineral leasing		200,000		200,000		200,000		-
State shared revenues								
Highway user's tax	2	2,684,078		2,684,078		2,790,685		106,607
Additional motor vehicle registration fee		91,390		91,390		96,786		5,396
Grants		156,380		156,380		494,638		338,258
Total intergovernmental revenues	3	3,471,086		3,471,086		3,725,188		254,102
Miscellaneous revenues								
Permits and charges for services		220,155		220,155		649,642		429,487
Sale of assets		25,000		25,000		240,000		215,000
Impact fees		127,370		127,370		310,661		183,291
Other		20,100		20,100		22,125		2,025
Total miscellaneous revenues		392,625		392,625		1,222,428		829,803
		- 066 620		E 066 620		6 706 046		020 100
Total revenues	;	5,866,638		5,866,638		6,706,046		839,408
Expenditures								
Current operating								
Public Works								
Administration		188,022		188,022		189,107		(1,085)
Maintenance of condition	4	4,685,920		4,685,920		6,003,991		(1,318,071)
Snow and ice removal		167,326		167,326		221,391		(54,065)
System preservation	2	2,061,860		2,061,860		1,949,875		111,985
Payments to cities		304,820		304,820		147,885		156,935
Debt service								
Principal						43,684		43,684
Total public works	7	7,407,948		7,407,948		8,555,933		(1,147,985)
Total expenditures	-	7,407,948		7,407,948		8,555,933		(1,147,985)
		7,407,940		7,407,940		0,000,900		(1,147,900)
Excess (deficit) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	(1	1,541,310)		(1,541,310)		(1,849,887)		(308,577)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Proceeds from financed purchase agreements						1,293,662		1,293,662
Transfers out						(520)		(520)
						. ,		. ,
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		1,293,142		1,293,142
Excess (deficit) of other financing sources over (under)								
expenditures and other financing uses	(1	1,541,310)		(1,541,310)		(556,745)		984,565
Fund balance, beginning	7	7,813,785		4,625,848		4,625,848		-
Fund balance, ending	\$ 6	6,272,475	\$	3,084,538	\$	4,069,103	\$	984,565
r ana salanoo, onang	ψι	5,212,715	Ψ	0,004,000	Ψ	4,000,100	Ψ	004,000

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Social Services Fund For the year Ended December 31, 2022

		Budgeted	An	nounts			Variance Favorable
		Original		Final	 Actual	<u>(U</u> r	nfavorable)
Revenues							
Taxes							
General Property Taxes	\$	473,638	\$	473,638	\$ 500,205	\$	26,567
Specific Ownership Taxes		44,378		44,378	60,714		16,336
Total taxes		518,016		518,016	560,919		42,903
Intergovernmental revenues							
Programs settled by CFMS							
Colorado Works		1,323,625		1,323,625	880,039		(443,586)
Child Care		909,039		909,039	569,071		(339,968)
Child Welfare		1,943,736		1,848,736	1,862,557		13,821
Administration		1,461,263		1,794,263	1,422,865		(371,398)
Core Services		346,091		346,091	208,751		(137,340)
Child Support		182,489		113,489	120,185		6,696
LEAP		1,087,640		918,640	608,464		(310,176)
Adult Protective Services		171,197		171,197	141,573		(29,624)
Aid to Needy Disabled		185,475		185,475	105,547		(79,928)
Home Care Allowance		112,080		112,080	77,946		(34,134)
Old Age Pension		566,404		566,404	448,735		(117,669)
Food Assistance	1	12,729,878		15,279,878	15,151,958		(127,920)
Tanf Collections EBT		(3,455)		(3,455)	(11,243)		(7,788)
State and Federal Incentives		18,426		18,426	116,830		98,404
TANF Collections IVD Retained		(32,304)		(32,304)	(64,711)		(32,407)
Medicaid Collections		(1,048)		(1,048)	(16,750)		(15,702)
Total Programs settled by CFMS	2	21,000,536		23,550,536	21,621,817		(1,928,719)
Other							
Integrated Care Management		128,248		128,248	128,998		750
Title IV-B PSSF		301,957		-, -	156,281		156,281
Other		,			51,944		51,944
Total Other		430,205		128,248	337,223		208,975
Total Intergovernmental revenues	2	21,430,741		23,678,784	21,959,040		(1,719,744)
Total Revenues	2	21,948,757		24,196,800	22,519,959		(1,676,841)

Continued

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Social Services Fund For the year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Expenditures				
Health and Welfare				
Programs settled by CFMS				
Colorado Works	\$ 1,323,625	1,323,625	\$ 1,021,452	\$ 302,173
Child Care	909,039	814,039	649,568	164,471
Child Welfare	2,381,797	2,381,797	2,283,097	98,700
Administration	1,489,422	1,822,422	1,636,777	185,645
Core Services	386,587	386,587	213,798	172,789
Child Support	276,498	207,498	173,143	34,355
LEAP	1,087,640	918,640	608,464	310,176
Adult Protective Services	213,996	213,996	176,966	37,030
Aid to Needy Disabled	231,844	231,844	131,933	99,911
Home Care Allowance	117,979	117,979	82,048	35,931
Old Age Pension	566,404	566,404	448,735	117,669
Food Assistance	12,729,878	15,279,878	15,151,958	127,920
Tanf Collections EBT	(3,455)	(3,455)	(14,053)	10,598
Tanf Collections IVD Retained	(41,724)	(41,724)	(80,888)	39,164
Medicaid Collections	(1,048)	(1,048)	(16,751)	15,703
Total Programs settled by CFMS	21,668,482	24,218,482	22,466,247	1,752,235
Other				
Integrated Care Management	128,248	128,248	128,998	(750)
Title IV-B PSSF	301,957		156,281	(156,281)
Other	248,387	248,387	38,427	209,960
Total Other	678,592	376,635	323,706	52,929
Total expenditures	22,347,074	24,595,117	22,789,953	1,805,164
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	(398,317)	(398,317)	(269,994)	128,323
Excess (deficit) of other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	(398,317)	(398,317)	(269,994)	128,323
Fund balance, beginning	1,203,579	1,203,579	1,331,777	128,198
Fund balance, ending	\$ 805,262	\$ 805,262	\$ 1,061,783	\$ 256,521

Other Supplementary Information

December 31, 2022

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, or a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

These statements and schedules include:

Combining Statements- Nonmajor governmental funds

Budgetary Comparison Schedules- Nonmajor governmental funds

Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Capital Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Enterprise Fund

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

December 31, 2022

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for taxes and other designated revenues of the County which are used for a specified purpose as required by law or administrative action.

Public Health Fund

This fund is required by state statute to account for the County's public health operations.

Conservation Trust Fund

This fund accounts for the County's share of lottery proceeds from the state to pay for local conservation efforts.

Clara Ormiston Fund

This fund accounts for money received from the Clara Ormiston Trust to help residents of the county with health care costs for the treatment of cancer.

Emergency Telephone Service Fund

This fund accounts for an emergency telephone service system in Montezuma County.

Sheriff's Department Forfeiture Fund

This fund was established pursuant to Section 16-13-506 C.R.S. to account for proceeds from property ordered by the court to be forfeited and used for nonoperating purposes.

Revolving Loan Fund

The Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 has established a Community Development Block Grant program to support economic development projects that create or retain jobs and which contribute to sound overall community development at the local level. The Revolving Loan Fund accounts for the revenue and expenditures relative to these federal monies.

Lodgers' Tax Fund

This fund accounts for the lodgers' tax revenue collected by merchants to be used for the promotion of Montezuma County.

Emergency Reserve Fund

This fund accounts for a portion of the County fund balance that was set aside to meet the emergency reserve required by TABOR. This fund had no activity during the current year.

Contingent Fund

This fund is required by state law. This fund accounts for expenditures not reasonably foreseen at the time the budget is adopted. This fund had no activity during the year.

Law Enforcement Authority

This fund was created in 2008 to account for the voter approved levy of property taxes to provide increased funding for public safety operations of the County.

MONTEZUMA COUNTY Combining Balance Sheet Non Major Governmental Funds

December 31, 2022

Special Revenue Funds

1,445,107 1,445,107 1,445,107 Enforcement Authority Fund Law ω 595,335 \$ S 595,335 595,335 Contingent Fund ф ь 722,119 \$ 722,119 Emergency Reserve Fund 722,119 ф ω 339,392 \$ 339,392 339,392 Lodgers Tax Fund ω ф 42,544 \$ 42,544 42,544 Revolving Loan Fund Ь φ ŝ 38,697 38,697 38,697 Sheriff's Forfeiture Fund Ь 762,072 \$ S 762.072 Emergency Telephone Fund 762,072 ь ь S 60,700 60,714 4 60,714 Clara Ormiston Fund ഗ Ь 641,407 2,750 644,157 644,157 Conservation Trust Fund Ś 1,550,211 \$ 1,660,854 52,582 1,713,436 60,458 102,767 163,225 Public Health Fund ഗ Ś ω Assigned for future year's expenditures Due from other governments Accrued payroll liabilities Unearned grant revenue Cancer treatments Other receivables **Total Liabilities** Unrestricted Fund Balance TABOR Restricted **Total Assets** Liabilities Cash

Assets

\$ 6,308,227 52,582 2,764

Total

\$ 6,363,573

60,458 102,767

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163,225

60,714 722,119

5,417,515 6,200,348 6,363,573

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Total Liabilities and Fund Balance

Total Fund Balance

,445,107

595,335

722,119

339,392

42,544

38,697

762,072

60,714

644,157

MONTEZUMA COUNTY Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non Major Governmental Funds

1					Special Revenue Funds	ue Funds					
	Public Health Fund	Conservation Trust Fund	Clara Ormiston Fund	Emergency Telephone Fund	Sheriff's Forfeiture Fund	Revolving Loan Fund	Lodgers E Tax Fund	Emergency Reserve Fund	Contingent Fund	Law Enforcement Authority Fund	Total
Revenues Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Earnings on investments	\$ 2,752,186 533,047	\$ 143,730 12,360 \$	\$ 4,036	552,855 \$	45,022 22 \$	\$ 157	329,283		↔	809,297	\$ 1,138,580 2,895,916 1,130,924 16,575
Total Revenues	3,285,233	156,090	4,036	552,855	45,044	157	329,283			809,297	5,181,995
Expenditures General government Public safety Public Health	2,925,805			342,721	31,507		264,000				264,000 374,228 2,925,805
Total expenditures	2,925,805			342,721	31,507		264,000				3,564,033
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	359,428	156,090	4,036	210,134	13,537	157	65,283			809,297	1,617,962
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers in (out)	39,344	(143,832)								(772,032)	(876,520)
Total other financing sources (uses)	39,344	(143,832)								(772,032)	(876,520)
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	398,772	12,258	4,036	210,134	13,537	157	65,283	,	ı	37,265	741,442
Fund Balances beginning of the year	1,151,439	631,899	56,678	551,938	25,160	42,387	274,109 \$	722,119 \$	595,335	1,407,842	5,458,906
Fund Balances end of the year	\$ 1,550,211	\$ 644,157 \$	60,714 \$	762,072 \$	38,697 \$	42,544 \$	339,392 \$	722,119 \$	595,335 \$	1,445,107	\$ 6,200,348

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Public Health Fund

Original Final Actual (Unfavorable) Revenues Intergovernmental revenues Operating grants \$ 2,444,961 \$ 2,752,186 \$ 307,225 \$ 307,225 Charges of services \$ 2,940,861 2,940,861 3,285,233 3,047 \$ 37,147 \$ 37,147 Total Revenues 2,940,861 2,940,861 3,285,233 3,047 \$ 37,147 Expenditures 2,940,861 2,940,861 3,285,233 3,047 \$ 37,147 Public health 2,649,699 2,649,699 2,925,805 (276,106) Total Expenditures 2,649,699 2,649,699 2,925,805 (276,106) Excess revenues over (under) expenditures 291,162 291,162 359,428 68,266 Other financing sources (uses) 38,774 38,774 39,344 570 Operating transfers in (out) 38,774 38,774 39,344 570 Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources (uses) 329,936 329,936 398,772 68,836 Fund Balances beginning of the year 1,151,439 1,151,439 - 1,151,439 Fund Balances end of the year \$ 329,936 \$ 1,481,375 \$ 1,550,211 \$ 68,836			Budgeted	Am		_	A store l	F	√ariance avorable
Intergovernmental revenues Operating grants Charges of services\$ 2,444,961 495,900\$ 2,752,186 			Original		Final		Actual	<u>(U</u>	ntavorable)
Charges of services 495,900 495,900 533,047 37,147 Total Revenues 2,940,861 2,940,861 3,285,233 344,372 Expenditures Public health 2,649,699 2,649,699 2,925,805 (276,106) Total Expenditures 2,649,699 2,649,699 2,925,805 (276,106) Excess revenues over (under) expenditures 291,162 359,428 68,266 Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers in (out) 38,774 38,774 39,344 570 Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses 329,936 329,936 398,772 68,836 Fund Balances beginning of the year 1,151,439 1,151,439 -	Intergovernmental revenues	¢	2 444 061	¢	2 4 4 4 06 1	¢	2 752 196	¢	207 225
Total Revenues 2,940,861 2,940,861 3,285,233 344,372 Expenditures Public health 2,649,699 2,649,699 2,925,805 (276,106) Total Expenditures 2,649,699 2,649,699 2,925,805 (276,106) Excess revenues over (under) expenditures 291,162 291,162 359,428 68,266 Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers in (out) 38,774 38,774 39,344 570 Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources (uses) 38,774 38,774 39,344 570 Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses 329,936 329,936 398,772 68,836 Fund Balances beginning of the year 1,151,439 1,151,439 -		φ		φ		φ		φ	•
Expenditures Public health 2,649,699 2,649,699 2,925,805 (276,106) Total Expenditures 2,649,699 2,925,805 (276,106) Excess revenues over (under) expenditures 291,162 291,162 359,428 68,266 Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers in (out) 38,774 38,774 39,344 570 Total other financing sources (uses) 38,774 38,774 39,344 570 Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses 329,936 329,936 398,772 68,836 Fund Balances beginning of the year 1,151,439 1,151,439 -	Charges of services		495,900		495,900		533,047		37,147
Public health 2,649,699 2,649,699 2,925,805 (276,106) Total Expenditures 2,649,699 2,649,699 2,925,805 (276,106) Excess revenues over (under) expenditures 291,162 291,162 359,428 68,266 Other financing sources (uses) 38,774 38,774 39,344 570 Total other financing sources (uses) 38,774 38,774 39,344 570 Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses 329,936 329,936 398,772 68,836 Fund Balances beginning of the year 1,151,439 1,151,439 -	Total Revenues		2,940,861		2,940,861		3,285,233		344,372
Total Expenditures2,649,6992,925,805(276,106)Excess revenues over (under) expenditures291,162291,162359,42868,266Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers in (out)38,77438,77439,344570Total other financing sources (uses)38,77438,77439,344570Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses329,936329,936398,77268,836Fund Balances beginning of the year1,151,4391,151,439-	Expenditures								
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures291,162291,162359,42868,266Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers in (out)38,77438,77439,344570Total other financing sources (uses)38,77438,77439,344570Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses329,936329,936398,77268,836Fund Balances beginning of the year1,151,4391,151,439-	Public health		2,649,699		2,649,699		2,925,805		(276,106)
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers in (out)38,77438,77439,344570Total other financing sources (uses)38,77438,77439,344570Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses329,936329,936398,77268,836Fund Balances beginning of the year1,151,4391,151,439-	Total Expenditures		2,649,699		2,649,699		2,925,805		(276,106)
Operating transfers in (out)38,77438,77439,344570Total other financing sources (uses)38,77438,77439,344570Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses329,936329,936398,77268,836Fund Balances beginning of the year1,151,4391,151,439-	Excess revenues over (under) expenditures		291,162		291,162		359,428		68,266
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses329,936329,936398,77268,836Fund Balances beginning of the year1,151,4391,151,439-	•		38,774		38,774		39,344		570
sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses329,936329,936398,77268,836Fund Balances beginning of the year1,151,4391,151,439-	Total other financing sources (uses)		38,774		38,774		39,344		570
Fund Balances beginning of the year 1,151,439 1,151,439 -	· · · ·								
	other financing uses		329,936		329,936		398,772		68,836
Fund Balances end of the year \$ 329,936 \$ 1,481,375 \$ 1,550,211 \$ 68,836	Fund Balances beginning of the year				1,151,439		1,151,439		-
	Fund Balances end of the year	\$	329,936	\$	1,481,375	\$	1,550,211	\$	68,836

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Conservation Trust Fund

	(Budgeted Original	Amc	ounts Final	Actual	Fa	ariance avorable favorable)
Revenues							
Intergovernmental							
Lottery funds	\$	140,000	\$	140,000	\$ 143,730	\$	3,730
Total intergovernmental revenues		140,000		140,000	143,730		3,730
Miscellaneous							
Earnings on investments		500		500	12,360		11,860
Total miscellaneous revenues		500		500	12,360		11,860
Total Revenues		140,500		140,500	156,090		15,590
Other financing sources (uses)							
Operating transfers out		(95,450)		(95,450)	(143,832)		(48,382)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(95,450)		(95,450)	(143,832)		(48,382)
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and							
other financing uses		45,050		45,050	12,258		(32,792)
Fund Balances beginning of the year		-		631,899	631,899		-
Fund Balances end of the year	\$	45,050	\$	676,949	\$ 644,157	\$	(32,792)
-							

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Clara Ormiston Fund

	 Budgeted Driginal	Amo	unts Final	Actual	Fa	ariance vorable avorable)
Revenues	 Jinginai			 notuui	<u>(0111</u>	
Earnings on investments	\$ 500	\$	500	\$ 4,036	\$	3,536
Total Revenues	 500		500	4,036		3,536
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out	-		-	-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -		-	-		-
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and						
other financing uses	500		500	4,036		3,536
Fund Balances beginning of the year	\$ 51,874	\$	56,678	56,678		-
Fund Balances end of the year	\$ 52,374	\$	57,178	\$ 60,714	\$	3,536

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Emergency Telephone Fund

	 Budgeted Original	Amc	ounts Final	- 	Actual	F	/ariance avorable ifavorable)
Revenues Charges for services	\$ 450,000	\$	450,000	\$	552,855	\$	102,855
Total Revenues	 450,000		450,000		552,855		102,855
Expenditures Public safety	340,965		340,965		342,721		(1,756)
Total Expenditures	 340,965		340,965		342,721		(1,756)
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	 109,035		109,035		210,134		101,099
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out			-				-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -		-		-		-
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and							
other financing uses	 109,035		109,035		210,134		101,099
Fund Balances beginning of the year	-		551,938		551,938		-
Fund Balances end of the year	\$ 109,035	\$	660,973	\$	762,072	\$	101,099

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Sheriff's Forfeiture Fund

		Budgeted	Amou	unts	_		-	′ariance avorable
	(Driginal		Final	-	Actual	(Un	favorable)
Revenues Other					\$	45,044	\$	45,044
Total Revenues		-		-		45,044		45,044
Expenditures Public safety						31,507		(31,507)
Total expenditures		-		-		31,507		(31,507)
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures		_		-		13,537		13,537
Fund Balances beginning of the year	\$	23,307	\$	25,160		25,160		-
Fund Balances end of the year	\$	23,307	\$	25,160	\$	38,697	\$	13,537

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Revolving Loan Fund

		Budgeted				Favo	ance orable
	0	riginal	Final		Actual	(Unfav	orable)
Revenues							
Earnings on investments				\$	157	\$	157
Total Revenues		-		-	157		157
Expenditures							-
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures		-		-	157		157
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out							-
Total other financial sources (uses)				-	-		-
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and							
other financing uses				-	157		157
Fund Balances beginning of the year	\$	1,228	42,3	87	42,387		-
Fund Balances end of the year	\$	1,228	\$ 42,3	87 \$	42,544	\$	157

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Lodgers Tax Fund

	 Budgeted Driginal	Amc	ounts Final	-	Actual	F	/ariance avorable nfavorable)
_	 Jiginai		Тпа		Actual	(01	
Revenues							
Lodgers tax	\$ 175,000	\$	175,000	\$	329,283	\$	154,283
Total Revenues	 175,000		175,000		329,283		154,283
Expenditures							
General government	150,000		150,000		264,000		(114,000)
Total Expenditures	 150,000		150,000		264,000		(114,000)
							· · ·
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	 25,000		25,000		65,283		40,283
Fund Balances beginning of the year	-		274,109		274,109		-
Fund Balances end of the year	\$ 25,000	\$	299,109	\$	339,392	\$	40,283

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Emergency Reserve Fund

		Budgeted	Amo	unts			Varia Favora	
	(Driginal		Final	/	Actual	(Unfavo	rable)
Revenues Earnings on investments								
Total Revenues		-		-		-		-
Expenditures General government								-
Total Expenditures						-		-
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures						-		-
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out								-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and								
other financing uses		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances beginning of the year	\$	722,119	\$	722,119	\$	722,119		-
Fund Balances end of the year	\$	722,119	\$	722,119	\$	722,119	\$	-

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Contingent Fund

		Budgeted	Amo	unts			Variance Favorable
	(Original		Final	1	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues Reimbursements							<u>. </u>
Total Revenues		-		-		-	-
Expenditures General government							-
Total Expenditures		-		-		-	-
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures		-		-		-	-
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out							
Total other financing sources (uses)						-	-
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$	595,335	\$	595,335	\$	595,335	-
Fund Balances end of the year	\$	595,335	\$	595,335	\$	595,335	\$ <u>-</u>

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Law Enforcement Authority Fund

		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final		Actual	Fa	′ariance avorable favorable)
Revenues								
Taxes Property taxes	\$	689,513	\$	689,513	\$	687,917	¢	(1,596)
Specific ownership taxes	Ψ	70,000	Ψ	70,000	Ψ	89,733	Ψ	19,733
Delinquent tax and interest		1,500		1,500		30,992		29,492
Miscellaneous		·		·		655		655
Total Revenues		761,013		761,013		809,297		48,284
Other financing sources (uses)								
Operating transfers out		(887,000)		(887,000)		(772,032)		114,968
Total other financing sources (uses)		(887,000)		(887,000)		(772,032)		114,968
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and								
other financing uses		(125,987)		(125,987)		37,265		163,252
Fund Balances beginning of the year		-		1,407,842		1,407,842		-
Fund Balances end of the year	\$	(125,987)	\$	1,281,855	\$	1,445,107	\$	163,252

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual Capital Fund

Revenues		udgeted iginal	l Ar	nounts Final		Actual	F	Variance avorable nfavorable)
Intergovernmental revenues								
Mineral leasing	\$2	00,000	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$	-
PILT	+ -	,	Ŧ	,	Ŧ	204,488	Ŧ	204,488
Grants	6	01,590		601,590		320,225		(281,365)
Total intergovernmental revenues	8	01,590		801,590		724,713		(76,877)
Miscellaneous revenues								
Sale of assets		18,000		18,000		9,965		(8,035)
Other						49,898		49,898
Total miscellaneous revenues		18,000		18,000		59,863		41,863
Total Revenues	8	19,590		819,590		784,576		(35,014)
Expenditures								
General government	1,1	56,193		1,156,193		555,541		600,652
Public works	1	10,000		110,000		196,844		(86,844)
Public safety	1	50,000		150,000		95,195		54,805
Culture and recreation		31,000		31,000				31,000
Debt service								
Principal						11,094		(11,094)
Interest						2,984		(2,984)
Total expenditures	1,4	47,193		1,447,193		861,658		585,535
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(6	27,603)		(627,603)		(77,082)		550,521
Other financing sources (uses)								
Operating transfers in	1,0	02,464		1,002,464		1,002,464		-
Proceeds from leases						85,018		85,018
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,0	02,464		1,002,464		1,087,482		85,018
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and								
other financing uses	3	74,861		374,861		1,010,400		635,539
Fund balance, beginning	(3	84,861)		133,766		133,766		-
Fund balance, ending	\$ ((10,000)	\$	508,627	\$	1,144,166	\$	635,539

MONTEZUMA COUNTY, COLORADO Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual Proprietary Fund Enterprise Fund Landfill Fund

	_	Budgeted An	nounts	(Non	GAAP Basis) Actual		√ariance avorable
		Original	Final		Amounts	(Uı	nfavorable)
Operating Revenues Landfill fees	\$	1,373,890 \$	1,373,890	\$	1,810,393	\$	436,503
Total local sources		1,373,890	1,373,890		1,810,393		436,503
Operating Expenses Landfill operations							
Salaries		436,847	436,847		445,851		(9,004)
Employee benefits		141,341	141,341		138,208		3,133
Other operating expenses		120,445	120,445		132,381		(11,936)
Fuel		71,556	71,556		114,194		(42,638)
Professional fees		123,362	123,362		105,757		17,605
Utilities		38,413	38,413		34,420		3,993
Insurance and bonds		41,000	41,000		44,102		(3,102)
Repairs and maintenance		100,594	100,594		83,296		17,298
Capital outlay		914,292	1,314,292		959,200		355,092
Total Operating Expenses		1,987,850	2,387,850		2,057,409		330,441
Operating income (loss)		(613,960)	(1,013,960)		(247,016)		766,944
Non-Operating Revenue (Expense)							
(Increase) Decrease in accrued closure costs		(144,000)	(144,000)		(134,624)		9,376
Grants		327,600	327,600		380,000		52,400
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expense)		183,600	183,600		245,376		61,776
Change in net position non GAAP basis		(430,360)	(830,360)		(1,640)		828,720
Add capital outlay					959,200		959,200
Less depreciation expense					(348,339)		(348,339)
Change in net position		(430,360)	(830,360)		609,221		1,439,581
Net position beginning of the year		1,849,247	1,849,247		1,849,247		-
Net position end of the year	\$	1,418,887 \$	1,018,887	\$	2,458,468	\$	1,439,581

INFORMATION REQUIRED BY OVERSIGHT AUTHORITIES

Majors and Haley, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

P.O. Box 1478 Cortez, CO 81321 (970) 565-9521 Fax: (970) 565-9441

Chris L. Majors, CPA, MT

Lori Hasty Haley, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of County Commissioners Montezuma County, Colorado Cortez, Colorado 81321

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Montezuma County, Colorado, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Montezuma County, Colorado's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 11, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Montezuma County, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Montezuma County, Colorado's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Montezuma County, Colorado's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material

weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Montezuma County, Colorado's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Majors and Naly PL

Majors and Haley, P.C. July 11, 2023

Majors and Haley, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

P.O. Box 1478 Cortez, CO 81321 (970) 565-9521 Fax: (970) 565-9441

Chris L. Majors, CPA, MT

Lori Hasty Haley, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of County Commissioners Montezuma County, Colorado Cortez, Colorado 81321

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Montezuma County, Colorado's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Montezuma County Colorado's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022. Montezuma County, Colorado's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Montezuma County, Colorado complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Montezuma County, Colorado and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Montezuma County, Colorado's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Montezuma County, Colorado's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Montezuma County, Colorado's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit

conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Montezuma County, Colorado's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding Montezuma County, Colorado's compliance with the compliance requirements referred
 to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Montezuma County, Colorado's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Montezuma County, Colorado's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

ghal take.

Majors and Haley, P.C. July 11, 2023

MONTEZUMA COUNTY Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Grantor	Federal Expenditures(\$)
CCDF Cluster-Cluster			· · · · ·
Department of Health and Human Services			
		Colorado Department of	
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	Human Services	\$ 262,888
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child		Colorado Department of	
Care and Development Fund	93.596	Human Services	184,339
Total Department of Health and Human Services			447,227
Total CCDF Cluster-Cluster			447,227
Forest Samuise Schools and Boads Cluster Cluster			
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster-Cluster			
United States Department of Agriculture	10 666		142.070
Schools and Roads - Grants to Counties	10.666		143,079
Total Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster-Cluster			143,079
Medicaid Cluster-Cluster			
Department of Health and Human Services			
		Calanada Danastraant of	
		Colorado Department of	
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	Department of Health Care Policy and Financing	250,537
Medical Assistance i Togram	33.110	Colorado Department of	200,007
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	Human Services	366,688
Total Medical Assistance Program	00.110		617,225
Total Department of Health and Human Services			617,225
Total Medicaid Cluster-Cluster			617,225
			- , -
SNAP Cluster-Cluster			
United States Department of Agriculture			
		Colorado Department of	
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.551	Human Services	30,629
State Administrative Matching Grants for the		Colorado Department of	
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	Human Services	361,972
Total United States Department of Agriculture			392,601
Total SNAP Cluster-Cluster			392,601
TANF Cluster-Cluster			
Department of Health and Human Services			
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) State	00 550	Colorado Department of	070.040
Programs	93.558	Human Services	873,012
Total Department of Health and Human Services			873,012
Total TANF Cluster-Cluster			873,012
Other Programs			
Department of Homeland Security			
Department of Homeland Security		Colorado Department of	
Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.039	Public Services	6,750
Total Department of Homeland Security	011000		6,750
			0,100
Department of Justice			
		Colorado Department of	
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	PublicSafety	104,125
Total Department of Justice			104,125

(continued)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule

MONTEZUMA COUNTY Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Grantor	Federal Expenditures(\$)
Department of Transportation	Hamber		
Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit		Colorado Department of	
Program	20.509	Transportation	\$ 169,004
Total Department of Transportation			169,004
Department of Health and Human Services			
		Colorado Department of Public Health and	
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	Environment Colorado Department of	92,68
Guardianship Assistance	93.090	Human Services Colorado Department of	20,144
Injury Prevention and Control Research and State and		Public Health and	
Community Based Programs	93.136	Environment	135,77
Strengthening Public Health Systems and Services		Colorado Department of	
through National Partnerships to Improve and Protect the Nation's Health	93.421	Public Health and Environment	59,03
	33.421	Colorado Department of	39,03
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Projects		Public Health and	
of Regional and National Significance	93.243	Environment	26,130
		Colorado Department of	
		Public Health and	
Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.268	Environment	52,09
		Colorado Department of	
Public Health Emergency Response: Cooperative		Public Health and	
Agreement for Emergency Response	93.354	Environment	94,316
MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families	00 550	Colorado Department of	450.00
Program	93.556	Human Services	156,281
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	Colorado Department of Human Services	107 27
Child Support Enforcement	93.503	Colorado Department of	197,375
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	Human Services	410,22
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services	33.300	Colorado Department of	410,22
Program	93.645	Human Services	27,448
	001010	Colorado Department of	27,776
Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658	Human Services	455,302
		Colorado Department of	
Adoption Assistance	93.659	Human Services	62,007
		Colorado Department of	
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	Human Services	129,863
		Colorado Department of	
Elder Abuse Prevention Interventions Program	93.747	Human Services	2,592
Freidensielens und Lebenstens Orne eits fen lefe stieve		Colorado Department of	
Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases	93.323	Public Health and Environment	212 024
Diseases	93.323	Colorado Department of	313,935
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the		Public Health and	
States	93,994	Environment	30,705
	001001	Colorado Department of	00,100
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Human Services	9,081
,		Colorado Department of	
		Public Health and	
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Environment	70,909
Total Department of Health and Human Services			2,345,896
Department of the Treasury			,- ,
		Colorado Department of	
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	Human Services	(246
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Direct	2,542,871
Total Department of the Treasury			2,542,625
United States Department of Agriculture		Colorado Department of	
WIC Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for		Colorado Department of Public Health and	
Woo opecial ouppermentar Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children	10.557	Environment	127,792
, ,		Colorado Department of	,
WIC Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for		Public Health and	
Women, Infants, and Children	10.557	Environment	349,925
Total WIC Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for			
Women, Infants, and Children			477,717
			477,717
Total United States Department of Agriculture			
Total United States Department of Agriculture otal Other Programs otal Expenditures of Federal Awards			5,646,117

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Organization

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of all federal award programs of Montezuma County, Colorado for the year ended December 31, 2022. All federal awards received directly from federal agencies as well as federal awards passed through other governmental agencies, are included on the schedule.

Basis Of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the County and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in, the preparation of the basic financial statements.

Indirect Costs

The County has not elected to use the 10% *de minimis* indirect cost rate as allowed in the Uniform Guidance, Section 414.

Food Distribution

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Sub-recipients

Montezuma County had no sub-recipients of federal funds for the year ended December 31, 2022.

MONTEZUMA COUNTY, COLORADO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Section 1- Summary of Auditors' Results

<u>Financial Statements</u> Type of auditors' report issued Internal control over financial re	porting:		Unmodified	l Opinion	
Material weakness(es) identifie			yes	х	no
Significant deficiency(ies) ident	ified				
not considered to be material	weaknesses?		yes	Х	no
Federal Awards					
Internal control over major prog	rams:				
Material weakness(es) identifie			yes	Х	no
Significant deficiency(ies) ident					
not considered to be material	weaknesses?		yes	Х	no
Type of auditors' report issued c	on compliance				
for major programs:			Unmodified	l Opinion	
Any audit findings disclosed that to be reported in accordance w	•				
Uniform Guidance			yes	Х	no
Identification of major programs	5:				
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Prog	ram or Clus	ster		
21.027	Coronavirus State and	Local Fisca	l Recovery Fu	unds	
93.558	Temporary Assistance	for Needy	Families		
Dollar threshold to distringuish I	petween				
Type A and Type B programs:			\$750,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auc	litee	X	yes		_no

Section 2- Findings under Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

There were no findings required to be reported under Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

Section 3- Findings and Questioned Costs Under Uniform Guidance

There were no findings or questioned cost for federal awards as defined in the Uniform Guidance.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

There were no prior year findings or questioned costs noted that were reportable under the Uniform Guidance criteria.

SCHEDULE OF CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

There were no audit findings to be included in the current audit report; therefore, a corrective action plan is not necessary.

Form Approved

The public report burden for this information collection is e	stimated to average 380 ho		at a	OMB No. 2125-0032
			City or County:	
			County	
LOCAL HIGHWAY F	INANCE REPORT		YEAR ENDING :	
This Information From The Decords Of (around)	City of on County of		December 2022	
This Information From The Records Of (example - C County of Montezuma	or County of	Prepared By: Majors an Phone: 970-565-9521	u maley PC	
County of Montezulia		1 Holie. 970-303-9321		
I. DISPOSITION OF HIGHWAY-USE	R REVENUES AVAII	ABLE FOR LOCAL (GOVERNMENT EXPI	ENDITURE
	A. Local	B. Local	C. Receipts from	D. Receipts from
ITEM	Motor-Fuel	Motor-Vehicle	State Highway-	Federal Highway
	Taxes	Taxes	User Taxes	Administration
1. Total receipts available				
2. Minus amount used for collection expenses				
3. Minus amount used for nonhighway purposes				
4. Minus amount used for mass transit				
5. Remainder used for highway purposes				
II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREE	T PURPOSES		BURSEMENTS FOR	
ITEM	AMOUNT		EM	AMOUNT
A. Receipts from local sources:		A. Local highway disl		111100111
1. Local highway-user taxes		1. Capital outlay (fr		1,949,875
a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A.5.)		2. Maintenance:	F8)	6,003,991
b. Motor Vehicle (from Item I.B.5.)		3. Road and street s	ervices:	, ,
c. Total (a.+b.)		a. Traffic control		
2. General fund appropriations		b. Snow and ice	removal	221,391
3. Other local imposts (from page 2)	2,066,544	c. Other		
4. Miscellaneous local receipts (from page 2)	2,360,640	d. Total (a. throw		221,391
5. Transfers from toll facilities			ration & miscellaneous	336,991
6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes:		5. Highway law enf		
a. Bonds - Original Issues		6. Total (1 through		8,512,248
b. Bonds - Refunding Issues		B. Debt service on loc	al obligations:	
c. Notes		1. Bonds:		
d. Total $(a. + b. + c.)$	0	a. Interest		
7. Total (1 through 6)	4,427,184	b. Redemption		
B. Private Contributions		c. Total (a. + b.)		0
C. Receipts from State government	2 220 024	2. Notes:		
(from page 2)	3,228,924	a. Interest		42 (94
D. Receipts from Federal Government	242.070	b. Redemption c. Total (a. + b.)		43,684
(from page 2) E. Total receipts (A.7 + B + C + D)	<u>343,079</u> 7,999,187	$\begin{array}{c} c. & 1 \text{ otal } (a. + b.) \\ \hline 3. & \text{Total } (1.c + 2.c) \end{array}$		43,684 43,684
E. Total receipts $(\mathbf{A}, 7 + \mathbf{D} + \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{D})$	7,999,107	C. Payments to State	for highways	45,004
		D. Payments to state		
		E. Total disbursemen		8,555,932
Π	/. LOCAL HIGHWA			0,000,000
	(Show all entri	es at par)		
	Opening Debt	Amount Issued	Redemptions	Closing Debt
A. Bonds (Total)	· · ·			0
1. Bonds (Refunding Portion)				
B. Notes (Total)	0	1,293,662	43,684	1,249,978
V. LO	CAL ROAD AND STR	EET FUND BALANC	E	
A. Beginning Balance		C. Total Disbursements	D. Ending Balance	E. Reconciliation
4,625,848	7,999,187	8,555,932	4,069,103	0
Notes and Comments:				
FORM FHWA-536 (Rev.06/2000)	PREVIOUS EDI	TIONS OBSOLETE 1	Excel	(Next Page)

	STATE: Colorado
LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT	YEAR ENDING (mm/yy): December 2022

II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

ITEM A.3. Other local imposts:	AMOUNT		ITEM	AMOUNT
		A.4. Miscellaneous l		
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	1,448,413	a. Interest on in		
b. Other local imposts:	, , , -	b. Traffic Fines		
1. Sales Taxes		c. Parking Gara		
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees	310,661	d. Parking Met		
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surpl		240,00
4. Licenses		f. Charges for S		802,82
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	307,470	g. Other Misc.		24,15
6. Total (1. through 5.)	618,131	h. Other Lease		1,293,60
c. Total (a. + b.)	2,066,544	i. Total (a. thro		2,360,64
	Carry forward to page 1)			(Carry forward to page 1)
ITEM	AMOUNT		ITEM	AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Fe		
1. Highway-user taxes	2,790,685	1. FHWA (from Ite		
2. State general funds		2. Other Federal ag		
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service		143,0
a. State bond proceeds		b. FEMA		
		c. HUD		
b. Project Match				
b. Project Matchc. Motor Vehicle Registrations	96,786	d. Federal Trans		
b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant	330,311	e. U.S. Corps of	Engineers	
 b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other (Specify)-CDOT Grant 	330,311 11,142	e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Feder M	Engineers lineral leasing	
 b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other (Specify)-CDOT Grant f. Total (a. through e.) 	330,311 11,142 438,239	e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Feder M g. Total (a. throu	Engineers lineral leasing	
 b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other (Specify)-CDOT Grant f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) 	330,311 11,142 438,239 3,228,924	e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Feder M g. Total (a. throu 3. Total (1. + 2.g)	Engineers (ineral leasing ugh f.)	200,00 343,07 (Carry forward to page 1)
 b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other (Specify)-CDOT Grant f. Total (a. through e.) 	330,311 11,142 438,239 3,228,924	e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Feder M g. Total (a. throu 3. Total (1. + 2.g)	Engineers (ineral leasing ugh f.)	343,07
 b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other (Specify)-CDOT Grant f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) 	330,311 11,142 438,239 3,228,924	e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Feder M g. Total (a. throu 3. Total (1. + 2.g) TREET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	Engineers (ineral leasing ugh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	343,07 (Carry forward to page 1) TOTAL
 b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other (Specify)-CDOT Grant f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) III. DISBURSEMENTS	330,311 11,142 438,239 3,228,924	e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Feder M g. Total (a. throu 3. Total (1. + 2.g) TREET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY	Engineers (ineral leasing ugh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY	343,07 (Carry forward to page 1)
 b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other (Specify)-CDOT Grant f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) III. DISBURSEMENTS A.1. Capital outlay:	330,311 11,142 438,239 3,228,924	e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Feder M g. Total (a. throu 3. Total (1. + 2.g) TREET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	Engineers (ineral leasing ugh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	343,07 (Carry forward to page 1) TOTAL
 b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other (Specify)-CDOT Grant f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) III. DISBURSEMENTS A.1. Capital outlay: a. Right-Of-Way Costs 	330,311 11,142 438,239 3,228,924	e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Feder M g. Total (a. throu 3. Total (1. + 2.g) TREET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	Engineers (ineral leasing ugh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	343,0' (Carry forward to page 1 TOTAL
 b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other (Specify)-CDOT Grant f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) III. DISBURSEMENTS A.1. Capital outlay: a. Right-Of-Way Costs b. Engineering Costs 	330,311 11,142 438,239 3,228,924	e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Feder M g. Total (a. throu 3. Total (1. + 2.g) TREET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	Engineers (ineral leasing ugh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	343,07 (Carry forward to page 1) TOTAL
 b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other (Specify)-CDOT Grant f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) III. DISBURSEMENTS A.1. Capital outlay: a. Right-Of-Way Costs b. Engineering Costs c. Construction: 	330,311 11,142 438,239 3,228,924	e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Feder M g. Total (a. throu 3. Total (1. + 2.g) TREET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	Engineers (ineral leasing ugh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	343,07 (Carry forward to page 1) TOTAL
 b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other (Specify)-CDOT Grant f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) III. DISBURSEMENTS A.1. Capital outlay: a. Right-Of-Way Costs b. Engineering Costs c. Construction: (1). New Facilities 	330,311 11,142 438,239 3,228,924	e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Feder M g. Total (a. throu 3. Total (1. + 2.g) TREET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	Engineers (ineral leasing ugh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	343,07 (Carry forward to page 1) TOTAL
 b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other (Specify)-CDOT Grant f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) III. DISBURSEMENTS A.1. Capital outlay: a. Right-Of-Way Costs b. Engineering Costs c. Construction: (1). New Facilities (2). Capacity Improvements 	330,311 11,142 438,239 3,228,924	e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Feder M g. Total (a. throu 3. Total (1. + 2.g) TREET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	Engineers (ineral leasing igh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b)	343,0" (Carry forward to page 1) TOTAL (c)
 b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other (Specify)-CDOT Grant f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) III. DISBURSEMENTS A.1. Capital outlay: a. Right-Of-Way Costs b. Engineering Costs c. Construction: (1). New Facilities (2). Capacity Improvements (3). System Preservation 	330,311 11,142 438,239 3,228,924 FOR ROAD AND ST	e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Feder M g. Total (a. throu 3. Total (1. + 2.g) TREET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	Engineers (ineral leasing ugh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	343,0' (Carry forward to page 1 TOTAL (c)
 b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other (Specify)-CDOT Grant f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) III. DISBURSEMENTS A.1. Capital outlay: a. Right-Of-Way Costs b. Engineering Costs c. Construction: (1). New Facilities (2). Capacity Improvements (3). System Preservation (4). System Enhancement & Opera 	330,311 11,142 438,239 3,228,924 FOR ROAD AND ST	e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Feder M g. Total (a. throu 3. Total (1. + 2.g) TREET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (a)	Engineers (ineral leasing igh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b) (b) 1,949,875	343,0" (Carry forward to page 1 TOTAL (c) 1,949,8"
 b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other (Specify)-CDOT Grant f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) III. DISBURSEMENTS A.1. Capital outlay: a. Right-Of-Way Costs b. Engineering Costs c. Construction: (1). New Facilities (2). Capacity Improvements (3). System Preservation (4). System Enhancement & Opera (5). Total Construction (1) + (2) + 	330,311 11,142 438,239 3,228,924 FOR ROAD AND ST	e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Feder M g. Total (a. throu 3. Total (1. + 2.g) TREET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (a) (a) 0	Engineers (ineral leasing igh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b) (b) 1,949,875 1,949,875	343,0" (Carry forward to page 1) TOTAL (c) 1,949,8" 1,949,8"
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